

<Volunteering in addressing the UN Sustainable Development Goals>

Namhoon KIM, Yonsei univ

Developed and developing countries will implement the Sustainable Development Goal , which is a follow-up to the Millennium Development Goals at the UN General Assembly in 2015, with the slogan "No one is alienated" from 2016 to 2030. The Sustainable Development Goal consists of a total of 17 goals and 169 goals, and 17 goals consist of 17 goals for sustainable development of mankind, including poverty eradication, clean water and sanitation, and inequality reduction. Through the full implementation of this goal of sustainable development, the role of volunteering is spreading all over the world, the nation and the region as well as the public, the private and the society. In addition, volunteering is now very active not only in developed countries but also in developing countries, so the role of developing countries in the goal of sustainable development is also very important. The United Nations, which announced its goals for sustainable development, recognizes that such volunteerism is a very important means of achieving these goals and that all of the 17 goals mentioned above rely on the social and economic values created by volunteerism. The volunteer activities can be divided into a national initiative plan and a private initiative plan. First, the government will establish the necessary infrastructure for volunteers, such as improving the laws and systems related to volunteering and establishing volunteer facilities, and activating civilian and private volunteer systems by running private experts.

Volunteerism can be an important means of increasing the social value of citizens and organizations as well as the role of human capital such as individual knowledge and competence in the goal of sustainable development. Volunteering is not only humanitarian support for the vulnerable, but also contributes to the continuing civil-society bond by mobilizing civic consciousness and encouraging other citizen participation. It is also a matter of course, but the knowledge and competence of each volunteer plays a very important role in the quality of volunteer service. Of the 17 sustainable development goals mentioned above, goals such as renewable energy, sustainable ecosystems, drinking water hygiene, and education play an important role not only in the voluntary participation of volunt

eers but also in the level of knowledge and competence of volunteers. The concept of volunteerism is no longer limited to the support of vulnerable groups and the stable incorporation into society. Volunteering is also of great significance in amplifying the overall bond of mankind and strengthening individual capacity. UN Sustainable Development Goals 17 can not be accomplished by any single group of leaders and can be achieved through the movement of the world, the local communities, and the individual.